



# General Assembly

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Sixtieth session

Agenda item 72

## Resolution adopted by the General Assembly on 1 November 2005

[without reference to a Main Committee (A/60/L.12 and Add.1)]

### 60/7. Holocaust remembrance

*The General Assembly,*

*Reaffirming* the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,<sup>1</sup> which proclaims that everyone is entitled to all the rights and freedoms set forth therein, without distinction of any kind, such as race, religion or other status,

*Recalling* article 3 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, which states that everyone has the right to life, liberty and security of person,

*Recalling also* article 18 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and article 18 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,<sup>2</sup> which state that everyone has the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion,

*Bearing in mind* that the founding principle of the Charter of the United Nations, “to save succeeding generations from the scourge of war”, is testimony to the indelible link between the United Nations and the unique tragedy of the Second World War,

*Recalling* the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide,<sup>3</sup> which was adopted in order to avoid repetition of genocides such as those committed by the Nazi regime,

*Recalling also* the preamble of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, which states that disregard and contempt for human rights have resulted in barbarous acts which have outraged the conscience of mankind,

*Taking note* of the fact that the sixtieth session of the General Assembly is taking place during the sixtieth year of the defeat of the Nazi regime,

*Recalling* the twenty-eighth special session of the General Assembly, a unique event, held in commemoration of the sixtieth anniversary of the liberation of the Nazi concentration camps,

*Honouring* the courage and dedication shown by the soldiers who liberated the concentration camps,

<sup>1</sup> Resolution 217 A (III).

<sup>2</sup> See resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

<sup>3</sup> Resolution 260 A (III), annex.

*Reaffirming* that the Holocaust, which resulted in the murder of one third of the Jewish people, along with countless members of other minorities, will forever be a warning to all people of the dangers of hatred, bigotry, racism and prejudice,

1. *Resolves* that the United Nations will designate 27 January as an annual International Day of Commemoration in memory of the victims of the Holocaust;

2. *Urges* Member States to develop educational programmes that will inculcate future generations with the lessons of the Holocaust in order to help to prevent future acts of genocide, and in this context commends the Task Force for International Cooperation on Holocaust Education, Remembrance and Research;

3. *Rejects* any denial of the Holocaust as an historical event, either in full or part;

4. *Commends* those States which have actively engaged in preserving those sites that served as Nazi death camps, concentration camps, forced labour camps and prisons during the Holocaust;

5. *Condemns without reserve* all manifestations of religious intolerance, incitement, harassment or violence against persons or communities based on ethnic origin or religious belief, wherever they occur;

6. *Requests* the Secretary-General to establish a programme of outreach on the subject of the "Holocaust and the United Nations" as well as measures to mobilize civil society for Holocaust remembrance and education, in order to help to prevent future acts of genocide; to report to the General Assembly on the establishment of this programme within six months from the date of the adoption of the present resolution; and to report thereafter on the implementation of the programme at its sixty-third session.

*42nd plenary meeting  
1 November 2005*